UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

DISTRICT OF ARIZONA

United States of America

v.

ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING FURTHER
HEARINGS IN CHARGING DISTRICT

Aleiandro Rodriguez-Moreno

	Alejar	ndro Ro	odriguez-Moreno			
				Case Number:	17-357MJ	
				•	submitted to the Court. I conclude	
	-	would have been a federal offense if a circumstance giving rise to federal jurisdiction had existed) that is a crime of violence as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 3156(a)(4). an offense for which the maximum sentence is life imprisonment or death. an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of ten years or more is prescribed in				
		•	·			
			PART I	FINDINGS OF FACT		
	(1)		- ' ' ' ' ' '	•		
			a crime of violence as defined in 1	18 U.S.C. § 3156(a)(4).		
			an offense for which the maximum	n sentence is life imprisonment o	or death.	
			an offense for which a maximum t	erm of imprisonment of ten year	rs or more is prescribed in	
			a felony that was committed after described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1)	the defendant had been convict 1)(A)-(C), or comparable state o	ed of two or more prior federal offenses	
				d in section 921), or any other d	sion or use of a firearm or destructive angerous weapon, or involves a failure	
	(2)	18 U.S pendin	.C. §3142(e)(2)(B): The offense de g trial for a federal, state or local of	escribed in finding 1 was commit fense.	ted while the defendant was on release	
	(3)	18 U.S convict	.C. §3142(e)(2)(C): A period of not ion)(release of the defendant from	more than five years has elaps imprisonment) for the offense de	ed since the (date of escribed in finding 1.	
	(4)	will rea	gs Nos. (1), (2) and (3) establish a r sonably assure the safety of (an)ot utted this presumption.	ebuttable presumption that no cher person(s) and the communit	ondition or combination of conditions by. I further find that the defendant has	
			Alte	rnative Findings		
	(1)	18 U.S	.C. 3142(e)(3): There is probable of	cause to believe that the defenda	ant has committed an offense	
			for which a maximum term of impo	risonment of ten years or more i	s prescribed in	
			under 18 U.S.C. § 924(c), 956(a),	or 2332b.		
			under 18 U.S.C. 1581-1594, for w prescribed.	hich a maximum term of impriso	onment of 20 years or more is	
			an offense involving a minor victin	n under section	2	
	(2)	The de	fendant has not rebutted the presul			
	` /	2 3.0	, p. 600	,		

¹Insert as applicable: (a) Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. § 801 et seq.); (b) Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 U.S.C. § 951 et seq.); or (c) Section 1 of Act of Sept. 15, 1980 (21 U.S.C. § 955a).

 $^{{}^{2}} Insert \ as \ applicable \ 18 \ U.S.C. \ \S\$1201, \ 1591, 2241-42, \ 2244(a)(1), \ 2245, \ 2251, \ 2251A, \ 2252(a)(1), \ 2252(a)(2), \ 2252(a)(3, \ 2252(a)(4), \ 2260, \ 2421, \ 2422, \ 2423, \ or \ 2425.$

conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community.

	Alternative Findings				
(1)	There is a serious risk that the defendant will flee; no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required.				
(2)	No condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of others and the community.				
(3)	There is a serious risk that the defendant will (obstruct or attempt to obstruct justice) (threaten, injure, or intimidate a prospective witness or juror).				
(4)					
	PART II WRITTEN STATEMENT OF REASONS FOR DETENTION (Check one or both, as applicable.)				
(1)	I find that the credible testimony and information ³ submitted at the hearing establishes by clear and convincing evidence as to danger that:				
(2)	I find that a preponderance of the evidence as to risk of flight that:				
×	The defendant has no significant contacts in the District of Arizona.				
	The defendant has no resources in the United States from which he/she might make a bond reasonably calculated to assure his/her future appearance.				
×	The defendant has a prior criminal history.				
	There is a record of prior failure to appear in court as ordered.				
	The defendant attempted to evade law enforcement contact by fleeing from law enforcement.				
	The defendant is facing a minimum mandatory of incarceration and a maximum of				
The d	efendant does not dispute the information contained in the Pretrial Services Report, except:				

³The rules concerning admissibility of evidence in criminal trials do not apply to the presentation and consideration of information at the [detention] hearing. 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f). See 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) for the factors to be taken into account.

The defendant submitted the issue of detention and requested to have a Detention Hearing in the charging district.

The Court incorporates by reference the findings of the Pretrial Services Agency which were reviewed by the Court at the time of the hearing in this matter.

PART III -- DIRECTIONS REGARDING DETENTION

The defendant is committed to the custody of the Attorney General or his/her designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility shall deliver the defendant to the United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

PART IV -- APPEALS AND THIRD PARTY RELEASE

IT IS ORDERED that should an appeal of this detention order be filed with the District Court, it is counsel's responsibility to deliver a copy of the motion for review/reconsideration to Pretrial Services at least one day prior to the hearing set before the District Court. Pursuant to Rule 59(a), FED.R.CRIM.P., effective December 1, 2009, Defendant shall have fourteen (14) days from the date of service of a copy of this order or after the oral order is stated on the record within which to file specific written objections with the district court. Failure to timely file objections in accordance with Rule 59(a) may waive the right to review. 59(a), FED.R.CRIM.P.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that if a release to a third party is to be considered, it is counsel's responsibility to notify Pretrial Services sufficiently in advance of the hearing before the District Court to allow Pretrial Services an opportunity to interview and investigate the potential third party custodian.

DATED this 1st day of September, 2017

Michelle H. Burns
United States Magistrate Judge